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Structural stability analyses based on available information, indicate that the factors of safety against overturning are generally low, and the locations of the resultants fall outside of the middle 1/3. When the dam is subjected to severe loading conditions such as a PMF event, the factor of safety falls below the critical level.

Therefore, it is recommended that, within three months of owner notification, detailed hydrologic and hydraulic investigations of the structure should be undertaken to more accurately determine the site-specific characteristics of the watershed and their effects upon the overtopping potential of the dam. At the same time, further analyses of the structural stability of the dam should be performed. The results of these investigations and analyses will determine the appropriate remedial measures. In the interim, a detailed emergency action plan must be developed and implemented during periods of unusually heavy precipitation. Around-the-clock surveillance must also be provided during these periods.

Current inspection and maintenance procedures by the owner are adequate but need to be documented. Monitoring of the reservoir levels should be expanded to include readings during peak flow periods.

The following remedial measures must be completed within one year:

- 1. Fill the voids beneath the left training wall and protect with riprap.
- Fill, compact, and seed the area of erosion behind the left training wall.
- 3. Repair the mortar joints on the crest of the dam.
- 4. Clear the debris from the spillway crest.

LOWER HUDSON RIVER BASIN

BRONX RIVER DAM

BRONX COUNTY, NEW YORK INVENTORY NO. N.Y. 1500

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM



APPROVED FOR PUBLIC RELEASE; DISTRIBUTION UNLIMITED

NEW YORK DISTRICT CORPS OF ENGINEERS

AUGUST 1981

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I Investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this report, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through frequent inspections can unsafe conditions be detected and only through continued care and maintenance can these conditions be prevented or corrected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM BRONX RIVER DAM I.D. No. NY 1500

DEC DAM No. 215C-4452, LOWER HUDSON RIVER BASIN BRONX COUNTY, NEW YORK

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Accession For	PAGE NO.
-	ASSESS	MENT	NTIS STARI DETO TAR	-
-	OVERVI	EW PHOTOGRAPH	Unnumbered Justification	_
1	PROJEC	T INFORMATION	Ву	1
	1.2	SENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PROJEC' PERTINENT DATA	Distribution/ Availablity Jodes Availablity Jodes Availabas/or	1 1 3
2	ENGINE	ERING DATA	ot to the second	5
	2.2 S 2.3 I 2.4 C 2.5 C	SEOLOGY SUBSURFACE INVESTIGAT DAM AND APPURTENANT SO CONSTRUCTION RECORDS OPERATION RECORDS EVALUATION OF DATA	ION PRUCTURES	5 5 5 6 6 6
3	VISUAI	LINSPECTION		7
		FINDINGS EVALUATION		7 8
4	OPERAT	TION AND MAINTENANCE	PROCEDURES	11
	4.2 N 4.3 V	PROCEDURES MAINTENANCE OF THE DAI MARNING SYSTEM EVALUATION	M	11 11 11
5	HYDRAU	JLIC/HYDROLOGIC		13
	5.2 2 5.3 3 5.4 8 5.5 1 5.6 0	PRAINAGE AREA CHARACTI ANALYSIS CRITERIA SPILLWAY CAPACITY RESERVOIR CAPACITY FLOODS OF RECORD DVERTOPPING POTENTIAL RESERVOIR EMPTYING POTENTIAL		13 13 13 14 14 14

		PAGE NO.
6	STRUCTURAL STABILITY	15
	6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY 6.2 STABILITY ANALYSIS 6.3 SEISMIC STABILITY	15 15 16
7	ASSESSMENT/RECOMMENDATIONS	17
	7.1 ASSESSMENT 7.2 RECOMMENDED MEASURES	17 18
APP	ENDIX	
Α.	PHOTOGRAPHS	
В.	VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST	

HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC DATA AND COMPUTATIONS

C.

D.

Ε.

F.

REFERENCES

STABILITY CALCULATIONS

G. BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

DRAWINGS

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

Name of Dam: Bronx River Dam (I.D. No. NY 1500)

State: New York

County: Bronx

Stream: Bronx River

Date of Inspection: 7 March 1981

ASSESSMENT

Examination of available documents and a visual inspection of the dam and appurtenant structures did not reveal any conditions which constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property.

Using the Corps of Engineers' screening criteria, it has been determined that the dam would be overtopped for all storms exceeding approximately 10 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood (PMF). Therefore, the spillway is adjudged as "seriously inadequate," and the dam is assessed as "unsafe, non-emergency."

Structural stability analyses based on available information, indicate that the factors of safety against overturning are generally low, and the locations of the resultants fall outside of the middle 1/3. When the dam is subjected to severe loading conditions such as a PMF event, the factor of safety falls below the critical level.

Therefore, it is recommended that, within three months of owner notification, detailed hydrologic and hydraulic investigations of the structure should be undertaken to more accurately determine the site-specific characteristics of the watershed and their effects upon the overtopping potential of the dam. At the same time, further analyses of the structural stability of the dam should be performed. The results of these investigations and analyses will determine the appropriate remedial measures. In the interim, a detailed emergency action plan must be developed and implemented during periods of unusually heavy precipitation. Around-the-clock surveillance must also be provided during these periods.

Current inspection and maintenance procedures by the owner are adequate but need to be documented. Monitoring of the reservoir levels should be expanded to include readings during peak flow periods.

The following remedial measures must be completed within one year:

- Fill the voids beneath the left training wall and protect with riprap.
- 2. Fill, compact, and seed the area of erosion behind the left training wall.
- 3. Repair the mortar joints on the crest of the dam.

Clear the debris from the spillway crest.

SUBMITTED:

Granville Kester, Jr.,

Vice President

MICHAEL BAKER, JA. of New York, INC.

APPROVED:

Colonel W.M. Smith, Jr.

New York District Engineer

DATE: 14 aug 8/



Overall View of Dam Bronx River Dam I.D. No. NY 1500 7 March 1981

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM
BRONX RIVER DAM
I.D. No. NY 1500
DEC DAM No. 215C-4452
LOWER HUDSON RIVER BASIN
BRONX COUNTY, NEW YORK

SECTION 1: PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority The Phase I Inspection reported herein was authorized by the Department of the Army, New York District, Corps of Engineers, to fulfill the requirements of the National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367.
- b. <u>Purpose of Inspection</u> This inspection was conducted to evaluate the existing conditions of the dam, to identify deficiencies and hazardous conditions, to determine if these deficiencies constitute hazards to life and property, and to recommend remedial measures where required.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

a. Description of Dam - Bronx River Dam is a stone and mortar structure 17.7 feet high and 121.5 feet long. The right section of the dam has a crest width of about 5.5 feet, an upstream slope of 1H:5.9V (Horizontal to Vertical), and a downstream slope of 1H:4.9V.

The spillway is a broad-crested, concrete weir with a breadth of 4 feet parallel to the flow. The spillway starts 32 feet from the right abutment and extends 89.5 feet to the stone wall on the left abutment. The upstream side of the spillway is an 8-inch high vertical face. The downstream side of the spillway is on 1H:5.3V slope down to a 1-foot long step that extends

¹Measured from the invert of the outlet pipe at the downstream toe to minimum crest of dam.

²Looking downstream.

across the width of the spillway about 3 feet below the spillway crest. From this step, water cascades over large rocks (about 1 to 3 feet square), mortared together to form a rough 1H:2V slope. Water drops from these stones and into the river at the toe of the dam. The spillway crest is about 3.4 feet lower than the elevation of the right side of the dam. The left side of the spillway is against a 2-foot wide vertical mortared stone wall that is about 3.5 feet higher than the spillway crest.

- A 3-foot diameter iron pipe acts as the outlet for the dam. The valve that controls the flow through this pipe is located on a 7-foot wide masonry deck, 16 feet upstream from the right side of the dam. The outlet of this pipe is about 10 feet downstream from the crest of the spillway.
- b. Location Bronx River Dam is located on the Bronx River at the south side of the Bronx City Zoo in New York City, New York. The dam is in Bronx County, New York. The coordinates for the dam are N 40° 50.6' and W 73° 52.6'. The dam can be found on the Central Park, New York USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle. A location map is included in this report in Appendix E.
- c. Size Classification Bronx River Dam is 17.7 feet high, and the reservoir storage capacity at the minimum top of dam (elevation 33.4 feet M.S.L. is 108 acre-feet. Therefore, the dam is in the "small" size category as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams (Reference 13, Appendix D).
- d. Hazard Classification The dam is in a highly urbanized area. There are many apartment houses and businesses located on the river banks downstream of the dam. A playground is located about 200 feet downstream of the dam. In the event of dam failure, loss of life and significant economic damage to downstream structures are considered likely. Therefore, Bronx River Dam is considered to be in the "high" hazard category, as defined by the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams. The hazard classification used to categorize dams is a function of location only, and is not related to its stability or probability of failure.

- e. Ownership Bronx River Dam is owned by New York City, New York. The person in charge of the dam is David Cole, Deputy Director of Operations, New York Zoological Society, Southern Boulevard at 185th Street, Bronx, New York 10460 (telephone 212-220-5100).
- f. <u>Purpose of Dam</u> Bronx River Dam is used for recreation.
- g. Design and Construction History According to available information, the dam was probably built around 1900. No other information about the design or construction history was available.
- h. Normal Operating Procedures The reservoir level is usually maintained near the crest of the spillway at elevation 30.0 feet M.S.L. According to the owner's representative, the valve controlling the outlet pipe is opened, and the reservoir is drained every two or three years.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

a.	Drainage Area (Square Miles) -	36.36
b.	Discharge at Dam (c.f.s.) -	
	Spillway Capacity (at Minimum Top of Dam Elev. 33.4 ft. M.S.L.) Reservior Drain at Normal Pool	1571.0 123.0
c.	Elevations (Feet Above M.S.L.)3 -	
	Minimum Top of Dam Normal Pool (Spillway Crest) Outlet Pipe at Toe of Dam	33.4 30.0 15.7
d.	Reservoir Surface (Acres) -	
	Top of Dam (Elev. 33.4 ft. M.S.L.) Spillway Crest (Elev. 30.0 ft. M.S.L.)	17.70 12.48
е.	Reservoir Storage Capacity (Acre-Feet) -	
	Top of Dam (Elev. 33.4 ft. M.S.L.) Spillway Crest (Elev. 30.0 ft. M.S.L.)	108.0 58.0

All elevations are referenced to the spillway crest, elev. 30.0 ft. M.S.L., estimated from the USGS 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle, Central Park, New York.

f. Dam -

Type: Stone and mortar.

Length (Feet) 121.5

Height (Feet) 17.7

Top Width (Feet) 5.5

Side Slopes - Upstream 1H:5.9V

Downstream 1H:4.9V

Cut-off - No information available.

g. Spillway -

Type: Concrete broad-crested weir
Crest Length Perpendicular to Flow (Feet) 89.5
Crest Width Parallel to Flow (Feet) 4.0
Crest Elevation (ft. M.S.L.) 30.0

h. Reservoir Drain -

Type: One 3-foot diameter iron pipe that extends through the base of the dam on the right side.

Control: Manual control valve operated from the stone and masonry deck that extends upstream from the right side of the dam.

SECTION 2: ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 GEOLOGY

The Bronx River Dam is located in the "New England Upland Lands" physiographic province of New York State. This province is geologically complex and characteristically composed of igneous and metamorphic rocks which have been tectonically disturbed by a number of thrust and normal faults.

Bedrock in the immediate vicinity of the dam is represented by Ordovician and Precambrian rocks. The Ordovician rocks are composed of hornblende; the Manhattan Formation, undifferentiated schist to gneiss; and the Inwood Marble. The Precambrian rocks consist of the Fordham Gneiss, undifferentiated, and the Yonkers Gneiss. The State of New York has mapped a fault within 2 miles of the dam site, the contact of which is uncertain. That section of the fault in the vicinity of the dam may be a possible root zone of the taconic nappes and other possible taconic thrusts.

2.2 SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

Subsurface information was unavailable for reference as a part of this investigation. Soil on the left abutment consists of stony loam with angular-to-rounded rock fragments and gravel and a fractional amount of cobble size rocks. The right abutment of the dam consists of chlorite mica schist with nearly vertical fractures orientated upstream to downstream. Boulders used for the dam (at the left end where debris diverts the water from cascading over the spillway) consist of quartz mica schist material and average approximately 3 feet in size.

2.3 DAM AND APPURTENANT STRUCTURES

The dam is a stone masonry structure with an upstream slope of lH:5.9V (Horizontal to Vertical), a crest width of 5.5 feet, and a downstream slope of lH:4.9V. The spillway is an 89.5-foot broad-crested weir beginning 32 feet from the right abutment. The spillway discharges into the natural stream channel.

The control valve for the 3-foot diameter iron outlet pipe is located on a 7-foot wide stone masonry deck, 16 feet upstream from the crest of the dam.

2.4 CONSTRUCTION RECORDS

Construction records were unavailable for this investigation.

2.5 OPERATING RECORDS

No formal operation records are maintained by the City of New York. The control gate is opened, and the reservoir is drained every two or three years. Maintenance is performed as needed.

2.6 EVALUATION OF DATA

The background information collected during this investigation was obtained verbally from Mr. David Cole, Deputy Director of Operations, New York Zoological Society. Available engineering data are considered adequate and reliable for Phase I Inspection purposes.

SECTION 3: VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

- a. General The visual inspection of Bronx River Dam was conducted on 7 March 1981. The weather was cloudy and the temperature was around 35° to 40° F. The ground surface was generally frozen and covered with a light dusting of snow. At the time of inspection, the reservoir level was at 30.3 feet M.S.L. Deficiencies found during the inspection will require remedial treatment. A Field Sketch of conditions found during the inspection is included in Appendix E. The complete Visual Inspection Checklist is presented as Appendix B.
- b. Spillway - The spillway is a 4-foot wide concrete, broad-crested weir extending 89.5 feet across the length of the dam. A 3-inch water flow over the spillway crest at the time of inspection made visual observation difficult. There were no signs of cracking or crest settlement at the time of inspection. There was, however, some debris on the spillway crest partially obstructing the flow. Near the left abutment, debris almost stopped the water flow over the spillway. At this spot, the downstream face of the spillway appeared to be intact, and the mortar joints between these stones showed no signs of deterioration or spalling. Water discharges over the downstream face of the spillway into the natural river channel at the toe of the dam. The channel is lined with riprap. The left side of the spillway is bound by a 2-foot thick mortared stone wall on the left abutment. This wall was partially undercut at the wall base about 15 feet downstream of the spillway. The area behind this wall was eroded to a depth of almost 3 feet. There were no problems observed at the junction of the spillway and the right side of the dam. There was a 1-foot high and 18-inch wide concrete curb and spider fence on the left side of the spillway crest.
- c. Dam Bronx River Dam is a masonry structure.

 Both the upstream and downstream faces are made of stone and mortar walls, and the top is capped by a rough mortared surface. There was some cracking observed on this top surface. There is a 1-foot high and 18-inch wide concrete curb and spider fence on the right side of the dam. There were a

few areas where weeds have grown between the joints of the stones on the upstream side near the water surface and on the downstream slope near the spillway. There was also an area of seepage observed about 3 feet above the toe of the wall on the right downstream side of the dam near the spillway. The rate of flow from this seep was estimated to be less than 0.5 g.p.m. and was flowing clear, although there was some iron staining at the area of this seep. There were no problems observed at the junction of the dam and the right abutment.

- d. Outlet Works A 3-foot diameter iron pipe extends through the right side of the dam. This pipe is controlled by a gate valve operated from the masonry deck extending upstream from the right side of the dam. According to the owner's representative, this valve is operable and can be used to dewater the reservoir.
- e. Downstream Channel The downstream channel below the spillway is a 70-foot to 100-foot wide river channel bound by vertical mortared stone walls on each side. There is a playground on the right abutment about 200 feet downstream of the dam. A stone bridge crosses the channel about 400 feet below the dam. There are many buildings built right on the river walls on both banks.
- f. Reservoir The reservoir slopes are mostly flat with some bare rock outcroppings. There were no signs of instability, and sedimentation was not reported to be a problem.

3.2 EVALUATION

The visual inspection revealed several deficiencies in this structure. The following were noted:

- 1. A clear seep (less than 0.5 g.p.m.) was observed exiting the dam 3 feet above the toe and 10 feet right from the outlet channel.
- 2. The left training wall is under cut about 15 feet downstream from the spillway.
- 3. An area of erosion was observed behind the left training wall.

- 4. Weeds are growing in the mortar joints along the crest of the dam.
- 5. Debris was located on the upstream crest of the spillway.

SECTION 4: OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

There are no formal written instructions for operating the reservoir. The normal water surface elevation is near the spillway crest elevation of 30.0 feet M.S.L. Water can be released to the downstream area through a 3-foot diameter iron pipe. This valve is operated from the masonry peninsula extending upstream from the toe of the dam.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

Dam maintenance is the responsibility of the City of New York. There is no formal maintenance schedule for the dam.

4.3 WARNING SYSTEM

At the time of the inspection, there was no warning system or emergency action plan in operation.

4.4 EVALUATION

Past maintenance of the dam and operating facilities appear to have been adequate, but the past activities have gone undocumented. A checklist should be compiled by the owner's representative to document the findings made during the periodic inspections and the maintenance items completed. A warning system and emergency action plan should be developed and put into operation.

PRECEDING PACE BLANK-NOT FILEED

SECTION 5: HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 DRAINAGE AREA CHARACTERISTICS

The drainage area is mainly urbanized with some rural areas in the uppermost portion of the watershed. Some upland storage exists in the form of flat areas and small lakes. The total drainage area is 36.36 square miles.

5.2 ANALYSIS CRITERIA

The drainage area considered in this analysis does not include the drainage areas for Kensico Reservoir; White Plains Reservoirs 1 and 2; and the Grassy Sprain Reservoir, located in the upper reaches of the Bronx River, because their entire inflows are diverted for municipal water supply.

The hydraulic capacity of the dam, reservoir, and spillway was assessed by utilizing the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Flood Hydrograph Package HEC-1 DB. hydrologic characteristics of the basin (specifically the Snyder's unit hydrograph parameters) were average values derived from the Hydrologic Flood Routing Model for Lower Hudson River Basin, Bronx River (Reference 14, Appendix D). The runoff hydrograph was developed by simulating the Standard Project Storm (SPS). Total SPS rainfall and excess were used to approximate the SPS flow at West Farms, approximately 2500 feet below Bronx River Dam, of 12,845 c.f.s. Using tp = 10.0 hr.; Cp = $\frac{10.0 \text{ hr.}}{10.0 \text{ hr.}}$ 0.57, initial rainfall loss of 2.0 inch; and a constant loss rate of 0.3 inches per hour, a flow of 13,060 This flow is within 2 percent of c.f.s. was obtained. the SPS flow value calculated for this point in the Hydrologic Flood Routing Model for Lower Hudson River Basin, Bronx River. The PMP rainfall amounts were then substituted for the SPS amounts. The PMF and 1/2 PMF were then routed through the reservoir and dam.

5.3 SPILLWAY CAPACITY

The spillway capacity at the minimum top of dam is 1571 c.f.s. There is no auxiliary or emergency spillway.

5.4 RESERVOIR CAPACITY

The storage capacity of Bronx River Dam at normal pool is 58 acre-feet. The storage capacity of the reservoir at the minimum top of dam is 108 acre-feet. Therefore, the flood control storage of the reservoir between the spillway crest and the top of dam is 50 acre-feet. This

volume represents a total runoff of 0.03 inches from the drainage area.

5.5 FLOODS OF RECORD

The maximum flow at West Farms, approximately 2500 feet downstream from Bronx River Dam, was 3698 c.f.s. during Agnes in 1972. This should have overtopped the dam by approximately 1 foot. The owner, however, was unable to confirm this.

5.6 OVERTOPPING POTENTIAL

The maximum capacity of the spillway is 1571 c.f.s. before overtopping would occur. The peak outflows of the PMF and 1/2 PMF are 20,405 c.f.s. and 10,207 c.f.s., respectively. Therefore, the spillway is capable of passing 10 percent of the PMF before overtopping would occur.

5.7 RESERVOIR EMPTYING POTENTIAL

The reservoir can be drawn down by means of a 3-foot diameter outlet pipe. Neglecting inflow, the reservoir can be drawn down from normal pool in approximately 6.5 hours. This is equivalent to an approximate drawdown rate of 1.5 feet per hour, based on the hydraulic height measured from normal pool divided by the time to dewater the reservoir.

5.8 EVALUATION

Bronx River Dam is a "small" size - "high" hazard dam requiring the spillway to pass a flood in the range of the 1/2 PMF to PMF. The PMF and 1/2 PMF were routed through the watershed and dam. It was determined that the spillway is capable of passing 10 percent of the PMF before overtopping the dam. Structural stability analyses based on available information, indicate that factors of safety against overturning are less than desirable. When the dam is subjected to severe loading conditions such as the 1/2 PMF or PMF events, the factors of safety fall to critical levels. Therefore, the spillway is judged to be "seriously inadequate."

Conclusions pertain to present conditions, and the effect of future development on the hydrology has not been considered.

SECTION 6: STRUCTURE STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

- a. <u>Visual Observations</u> No signs of instability were noted during the field inspection. Minor problems observed which could affect the stability of the structure include:
 - 1. A clear seep (less than 0.5 g.p.m.) was observed exiting the dam 3 feet above the toe and 10 feet right from the outlet channel.
 - 2. The left training wall is undermined approximately 15 feet downstream from the spillway.
 - An erosion channel has formed behind the left training wall. This channel is as deep as 3 feet at places.
- b. <u>Design and Construction Data</u> Design and construction data were unavailable.
- c. Operating Records The owner's representative reported that the reservoir was drawn down several times. No additional operational information is available.
- d. <u>Post Construction Changes</u> Information concerning post construction changes is unavailable.

6.2 STABILITY ANALYSIS

The results of any previous stability analyses were unavailable for reference during this evaluation. A structural stability analysis was conducted for a typical spillway section. The cases analyzed and respective results are as follows:

Case Description of Loading Conditions

- Normal operating conditions with reservoir level at the spillway crest, full uplift, and 2.2 feet of tailwater.
- Same as Case 1 with the additional ice loading of 5000 pounds per lineal foot.
- Reservoir level during 1/2-PMF, full uplift, with a tailwater of 7.5 feet.
- Reservoir level during the PMF, full uplift, with a tailwater of 10.0 feet.

	Factor of	Safety	Location of Resultant
Case	Overturning	Sliding	From Toe (ft.)
1	2.06	7.10	7.78
2	1.26	3.86	3.08
3	1.09	3.44	1.96
4	0.99	3.23	-0.41

Notes: Location of middle 1/3 is 10.67 to 5.33 feet from the downstream toe.

A negative sign (-) above indicates that the location of the resultant is downstream from the toe.

A value of 2 ksf was used as a conservative approximation of the shear strength of weathered rock.

In all cases, the factors of safety against sliding exceed the recommended value of 3. The factors of safety against overturning are low, and the resultants fall outside of the middle 1/3 (except for Case 1 - Normal Pool). Therefore, the dam is considered unsafe against overturning. However, the structure withstood normal loading conditions in the past without apparent damage, and the analyses may not indicate the true field conditions or proper loading conditions. Since overturning during the SDF would result in a probable loss of life downstream of the dam, a detailed stability analysis of the dam should be performed by a qualified engineering firm within three months of owner notification.

6.3 SEISMIC STABILITY

Bronx River Dam is located in Seismic Zone 1 which presents no hazard from earthquakes, according to the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams by the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers. This determination is contingent on the requirements that static stability conditions are satisfactory, and conventional safety margins exist. As indicated in Paragraph 6.2, the dam has low factors of safety against overturning. If the requested additional analysis does not indicate conventional safety margins against overturning, additional analysis of the effects of earthquakes on the structural stability should be performed.

SECTION 7: ASSESSMENT/RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 ASSESSMENT

a. Safety - Examination of available documents and visual inspections of Bronx River Dam did not reveal any conditions which constitute an immediate hazard to human life or property.

Using the Corps of Engineers' screening criteria for review of spillway adequacy, it has been determined that the dam would be overtopped for all storms exceeding approximately 10 percent of the PMF. The overtopping of the dam could result in dam failure, increasing the hazard to loss of life downstream. Therefore, the spillway is adjudged as "seriously inadequate," and the dam is assessed as "unsafe, non-emergency."

The stability analyses of the dam performed for this investigation indicate that the factors of safety against overturning may be inadequate.

- b. Adequacy of Information The information available and the observations and measurements made during the visual inspection are considered sufficient for this Phase I Inspection Report.
- Need for Additional Investigation Detailed hydrologic and hydraulic investigations of the watershed and reservoir area are considered necessary to more accurately determine the overtopping potential of the dam. After the in-depth hydrologic/ hydraulic investigations have been completed, remedial measures must be initiated to provide spillway capacity sufficient to discharge the outflow from the 1/2 PMF event. A detailed stability analysis of the dam is considered necessary to determine actual stability conditions.
- d. Urgency The detailed hydrologic and hydraulic and stability investigations must be initiated within three months of notification to the owner. Within one year, remedial measures resulting from these investigations must be initiated and completed during the following year. In the interim, a detailed emergency action plan must be developed and implemented during periods of unusually heavy precipitation. Around-the-clock surveillance must also be provided during these periods.

7.2 RECOMMENDED MEASURES

The regular inspections and maintenance procedures presently conducted by the owner's representative appear to be adequate, although some form of documentation is needed. A thorough checklist should be compiled by the owner's representative and completed during each inspection. Maintenance items should be completed annually. Monitoring of the reservoir level should be expanded to include reservoir levels above normal pool.

A formal warning system and emergency action plan should be developed and put into action as soon as possible.

The following remedial measures must be completed within one year:

- 1. Fill beneath the left training wall and protect with riprap.
- 2. Fill, compact, and seed the area of erosion behind the left training wall.
- 3. Repair the mortar joints on the crest of the dam.
- 4. Clear the debris from the spillway crest.

APPENDIX A

PHOTOGRAPHS

CONTENTS

- Photo 1: View of Upstream Side of Dam. Outlet Gate Valve Stem Located in Foreground.
- Photo 2: View of Downstream Face of Dam. Outlet Pipe Located at Bottom Left of Photo in Spillway Discharge Area
- Photo 3: View Across Crest of Spillway From Right Training Wall
- Photo 4: View Across Crest of Spillway From Left Abutment
- Photo 5: View of Outlet Valve Stem
- Photo 6: View Looking Downward at Outlet Pipe
- Photo 7: View of Left Training Wall of Spillway
- Photo 8: View of Erosion Behind Left Training Wall of Spillway
- Photo 9: View Across Downstream Face of Spillway Right Abutment. Note Staining in Bottom Center of Photo on Downstream Face of Dam.
- Photo 10: View of Minor Seepage Through Dam. (See Photo 9 for Location)

Note: Photos were taken 7 March 1981.



Photo 1. View of Upstream Side of Dam Outlet Gate Valve Stem Located in Foreground 7 March 1981



Photo 2. View of Downstream Face of Dam
Outlet Pipe Located at Bottom Left of Photo in Spillway Discharge Area
7 March 1981



Photo 3. View Across Crest of Spillway from Right Training Wall 7 March 1981



Photo 4. View Across Crest of Spillway From Left Abutment 7 March 1981



Photo 5. View of Outlet Valve Stem 7 March 1981



Photo 6. View Looking Downward at Outlet Pipe 7 March 1981



Photo 7. View of Left Training Wall of Spillway 7 March 1981



Photo 8. View of Erosion Behind Left Training Wall of Spillway 7 March 1981

BRONX RIVER DAM



Photo 9. View Across Downstream Face of Spillway Right Abutment Note Staining in Bottom Center of Photo on Downstream Face of Dam 7 March 1981

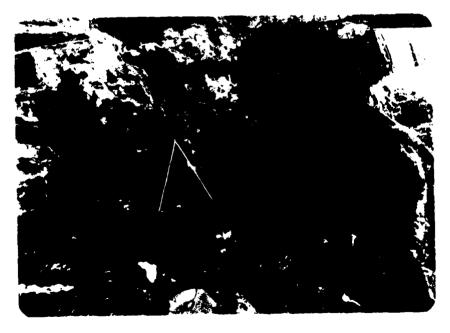


Photo 10. View of Minor Seepage Through Dam (See Photo 9 for Location) 7 March 1981

APPENDIX B

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST 1) Basic Data General Name of Dam Bronx River Dam Fed. I.D. # NY 1500 DEC Dam No. 215C-4452 River Basin Lower Hudson Location: Town Bronx ____ County Bronx Stream Name Bronx River Tributary of East River Latitude (N) 40° 50.60' Longitude (W) 73° 52.59' Type of Dam ____Masonry and concrete Hazard Category High Date(s) of Inspection 7 March 1981 Weather Conditions Cloudy, 35° - 40° Reservoir Level at Time of Inspection 30.3 ft. M.S.L. Inspection Personnel James Ulinski, Anthony Klimek, Steve Lockington Persons Contacted (Including Address & Phone No.) 212-220-5100 c. David Cole, Deputy Director of Operations New York Zoological Society Southern Blvd. at 185th Street Bronx, NY 10460 d. History: Date Constructed About 1900 Date(s) Reconstructed _____ Designer Unknown

Constructed By Unknown

Owner City of New York, New York

a.	Char	acteristics
	(1)	Embankment Material
	(2)	Cutoff Type
	(3)	Impervious Core
	(4)	Internal Drainage System
	(5)	
ь.	Cres	t
	(1)	Vertical Alignment
	(2)	Horizontal Alignment
	(3)	Surface Cracks
	(4)	Miscellaneous
c.	Upst	ream Slope
	(1)	Slope (Estimate) (V:H)

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	(3)	Sloughing, Subsidence, or Depressions
	(4)	Slope Protection
	(5)	Surface Cracks or Movement at Toe
d.	Down	stream Slope
	(1)	Slope (Estimate - V:H)
	(2)	Undesirable Growth or Debris, Animal Burrows
	4.5	
	(3)	Sloughing, Subsidence or Depressions
	(4)	Surface Cracks or Movement at Toe
	(5)	Seepage
	(6)	External Drainage System (Ditches, Trenches, Blanket)
	(7)	Condition Around Outlet Structure

•

	(8) Seepage Beyond Toe
e.	Abutments - Embankment Contact
	(1) Erosion at Contact
	(2) Seepage Along Contact
Drai	inage System
a.	Description of System None
ъ.	Condition of System Not applicable
	
c.	Discharge from Drainage System Not applicable
	
Inst	trumentation (Monumentation/Surveys, Observation Wells, Weirs,
<u>Inst</u> Piez	trumentation (Monumentation/Surveys, Observation Wells, Weirs, zometers, Etc.) None
Inst	trumentation (Monumentation/Surveys, Observation Wells, Weirs, zometers, Etc.) None
Inst	trumentation (Monumentation/Surveys, Observation Wells, Weirs, zometers, Etc.) None

developed, consisting of apartments and businesses. A playground is located 200 ft. downstream. b. Seepage, Unusual Growth Seepage 10 ft. from the outlet conduit was on to be clear with less than 0.5 gpm rate of flow. c. Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam No movement evidenced. d. Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The charman has a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.	. :	Slopes Slopes are steep to mild.
Area Downstream of Dam a. Downstream Hazard (No. of Homes, Highways, etc.) Downstream area is developed, consisting of apartments and businesses. A playground is located 200 ft. downstream. b. Seepage, Unusual Growth Seepage 10 ft. from the outlet conduit was on to be clear with less than 0.5 gpm rate of flow. c. Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam No movement evidenced. d. Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The charmans a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.	-	
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Area Downstream of Dam a. Downstream Hazard (No. of Homes, Highways, etc.) Downstream area is developed, consisting of apartments and businesses. A playground is located 200 ft. downstream. b. Seepage, Unusual Growth Seepage 10 ft. from the outlet conduit was on to be clear with less than 0.5 gpm rate of flow. c. Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam No movement evidenced. d. Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The charmhas a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.	. 1	Unusual Conditions Which Affect Dam None observed
developed, consisting of apartments and businesses. A playground is located 200 ft. downstream. b. Seepage, Unusual Growth Seepage 10 ft. from the outlet conduit was on to be clear with less than 0.5 gpm rate of flow. c. Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam No movement evidenced. d. Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The charman has a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.	rea l	
b. Seepage, Unusual Growth Seepage 10 ft. from the outlet conduit was on to be clear with less than 0.5 gpm rate of flow. c. Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam No movement evidenced. d. Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The charman has a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.		Downstream Hazard (No. of Homes, Highways, etc.) Downstream area is ver
to be clear with less than 0.5 gpm rate of flow. c. Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam No movement evidenced. d. Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The char has a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.	-	
d. Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The channel has a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.		Seepage, Unusual Growth Seepage 10 ft. from the outlet conduit was obseto be clear with less than 0.5 gpm rate of flow.
has a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.	. 1	Evidence of Movement Beyond Toe of Dam No movement evidenced.
has a masonry/riprap bottom and mortared masonry sides.	. (Condition of Downstream Channel Bridge located downstream. The channel
Spillway(s) (Including Discharge Conveyance Channel)	p111	way(s) (Including Discharge Conveyance Channel)

. .

a.	General The spillway is located 34 ft. from the right abutment, and
	consists of a concrete broad-crested weir 89.5 ft. wide (perpendicular
	to flow), and 4 ft. long (parallel to flow).
ь.	Condition of Service Spillway The spillway appears to be in fair
	condition. In some places, debris has piled up behind the spillway.
	Condition of Auxiliary Spillway None
c.	Condition of Auxiliary Spillway
d.	Condition of Discharge Conveyance Channel The discharge conveyance
	channel has minor growth and appeared to be in fair condition.
Rese	ervoir Drain/Outlet
	Type: Pipe X Conduit Other
	Material: Concrete Metal Other Iron
	Size: 36 inch Length 30 ft. (estimated)
	Invert Elevations: Entrance Unknown
	Exit15.68 ft.
	Physical Condition (Describe): Unobservable X

8)

	Joints: Alignment
	Structural Integrity:
	Hydraulic Capability:
	Means of Control: Gate Valve X Uncontrolled
	Operation: Operable X Inoperable Other Present Condition (Describe): At the time of inspection, the val
	was open and the reservoir was being lowered.
Stru	ictural
Stru a.	
	Concrete Surfaces Dam is mortared rockfill and in fair condition. Le
	Concrete Surfaces Dam is mortared rockfill and in fair condition. Le
	Concrete Surfaces Dam is mortared rockfill and in fair condition. Le
a.	Concrete Surfaces Dam is mortared rockfill and in fair condition. Le side of dam is a mortared stone wall about 2 ft. wide and 3.5 ft. high
a.	Concrete Surfaces Dam is mortared rockfill and in fair condition. Le side of dam is a mortared stone wall about 2 ft. wide and 3.5 ft. high Structural Cracking No problems observed.
a. b.	Concrete Surfaces Dam is mortared rockfill and in fair condition. Le side of dam is a mortared stone wall about 2 ft. wide and 3.5 ft. high Structural Cracking No problems observed. Movement - Horizontal & Vertical Alignment (Settlement) No movement was observed.
a. b.	Concrete Surfaces Dam is mortared rockfill and in fair condition. Le side of dam is a mortared stone wall about 2 ft. wide and 3.5 ft. high Structural Cracking No problems observed. Movement - Horizontal & Vertical Alignment (Settlement) No movement

	
Vater Pas	sages, Conduits, Sluices Outlet conduit appeared to be in
fair cond	ition and was operating at the time of inspection.
	·
Seepage of	Leakage Clear seepage (less than 0.5 gpm) was observed
from the	outlet conduit, about 3 ft. above the toe on the downstream
side of t	he dam and ndear the spillway.
	·
	
lointe - (No1 1 1
ornes - (Construction, etc. No problem observed.
	Construction, etc. No problem observed.
	Construction, etc. No problem observed.
	Unobservable
Foundation	n Unobservable
Foundation	
Foundation	Unobservable Erosion has occurred behind the stone wall of the left ab
Foundation	n Unobservable

. .

	1.	Approach & Outlet Channels Due to recent precipitation, the upstream
		channel was unobservable. The outlet channel was in fair condition.
	m .	Energy Dissipators (Plunge Pool, etc.) None
	n.	Intake Structures Unobservable
	٥.	Stability No problems observed.
	p.	Miscellaneous
10)	Appu	rtenant Structures (Power House, Lock, Gatehouse, Other)
	а.	Description and Condition None

APPENDIX C
HYDROLOGIC/HYDRAULIC DATA AND COMPUTATIONS

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

Subject BRONX RIVER DAM

S.O. No.

APPENDIX C

Sheet No.

of

HYPROLOGIC | HYPRAULIC CALC.

Drawing No.

Computed by Checked by Date

SUBJECT	PAGE
CHECK LIST FOR DAMS	1
TOP OF DAM PROFILE	5
TYPICAL CROSS SECTION	6
SPILLWAY CROSS SECTION	7
SPILLWAY RATING	8
OUTLET PIPE RATING	9
OUTLET PIPE RATING SUMMARY	13
PMF DISCHARGE	14
SPILLWAY CAPACITY ANALYSIS	15
HEC-1 COMPUTER ANALYSIS	16

CHECK LIST FOR DAMS HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING DATA

AREA-CAPACITY DATA:

	· CILLICITI DIIIII			
		Elevation (ft.)	Surface Area (acres)	Storage Capacity (acre-ft.)
1)	Top of Dam	33.4	17.70	108
2)	Design High Water (Max. Design Pool)			
3)	Auxiliary Spillway Crest			
4)	Pool Level with Flashboards			
5)	Service Spillway Crest	30.0	12.48	58
a.	DISCHARGES			
				Volume (cfs)
1)	Average Daily		-	38
2)	Spillway @ Maximum High	n Water - Top	of Dam -	1570
3)	Spillway @ Design High	Water	_	
4)	Spillway @ Auxiliary Sp	pillway Crest	Elevation	
5)	Low Level Outlet 123			123
6)	Total (of all facilities	es) @ Maximum 1	High Water	1693
7)	Maximum Known Flood		_	Unknown
8)	At Time of Inspection 36			

CREST:		1	ELEVATION:	33.4 ft.	
Type:M	lasonry				
Width:	5.5 ft.	Lengt	h:	121.5 ft.	
Spillover	Broad cres	ted weir			
Location _	34 ft. fro	m right abutment			
CDTI I WAY.				·	
SPILLWAY:					
SERV	ICE			AUXIL	LARY
30.0 ft.		Elevation	None		
Broad cr	ested weir	Type			
89.5 ft.		Width			
		Type of Control			
x		Uncontrolled		•	
		Controlled:			
		Type			
		(Flashboards; gate)			
	<u></u>	Number			
		Size/Length			
		Invert Material _			
		Anticipated Length			
		of Operating Service			<u></u>
		Chute Length			·
		Height Between Spillway	Crest		
		& Approach Channel Inv (Weir Flow)	ert		

HYDROMET	EROLOGICAL GAGES:
Тур	e: None
Loc	ation:
	ords:
	Date:
	Max. Reading:
	TER CONTROL SYSTEM: ning System: None
Met	hod of Controlled Releases (mechanisms):
	Outlet conduit with a gate valve
-	

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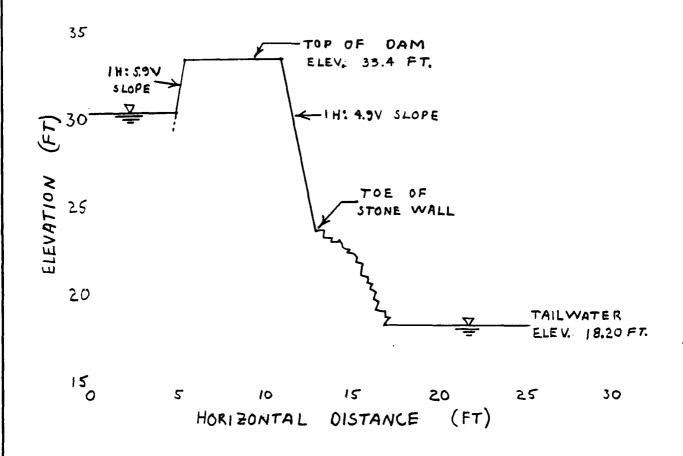
ORAINAGE AREA: 36.36 sq. mi.
DRAINAGE BASIN RUNOFF CHARACTERISTICS:
Land Use - Type: Urban
Terrain - Relief: Steep to mild
Surface - Soil: Well drained
Runoff Potential (existing or planned extensive alterations to existing surface or subsurface conditions)
No plans for changes in the basin
Potential Sedimentation problem areas (natural or man-made; present or future)
No problems reported
Potential Backwater problem areas for levels at maximum storage capacity including surcharge storage:
No problems observed
Dikes - Floodwalls (overflow & non-overflow) - Low reaches along the Reservoir perimeter:
Location: None
Elevation:
Reservoir:
Length @ Maximum Pool 3000 ft.
Length of Shoreline (@ Spillway Crest) 6200 ft.

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.	Subject BROWX RIVE	ER DAM	S.O. No
THE BAKER ENGINEERS	TOP OF CAM PS	OFILE	_ Sheet No. <u>5</u> of <u>Z5</u>
			Drawing No
Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009	Computed by 5ML	Checked by	Date 3//3/8/
ROCK OVICEP?			0/11
			0741
		700 05 DAN 33.4 FT.	Ноо
		HININUN TOR	OHEO HOO
			7940
		CORB	SPILL WAY
		3 F	orto
30 01	(1±) (10)	38	98 5.89 6100

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MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.	Subject BRONX RIVER DAM	S.O. No
THE BAKER ENGINEERS	CRUSS SECTION AT STA 1+15	_ Sheet No. 6 of 25
Box 280		Drawing No
Beaver, Pa. 15009	Computed by APK Checked by	_ Date 3-22-81

CROSS SECTION OF DAM AT STATION 1+15



Subject BRONX RIVER DAM S.O. No. MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. SPILLWAY CROSS SECTION THE BAKER ENGINEERS Box 280 Computed by APK Checked by _ Beaver, Pa. 15009 SPILLWAY CROSS SECTION SPILLWAY CREST 30-ELEVATION 30.0 FT ELEVATION (FT) TAILWATER ELEV 18.20 FT 15 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 HORIZONTAL DISTANCE (FT)

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

THE BAKER ENGINEERS

SPILLWAY RATING Sheet No. 8 of 25

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009 Computed by APK Checked by Date 3-22-81

Weir Flow Q = CL H3/2 Q = C 89.5 H3/2

/ L= 89.5 FT

/ H varies from 0 to 12
feet and 15 measured
from the crest of the
spillway (elevation 30,0
—ft M.S.L.)

ELEVATION	C	H (FT)	Q (cfs)	C
30.0	_	0	0	i
30.3	2.5	<i>0</i> . 3	348-	
31.0	2.7	1.0	242-	
32.0	2.7	2.0	683/	
33.0	2.7	3.0	12562	
33. 4	2.8	3. 4	157/	
34.0	2.8	4.0	2005-	
36.0	3. 3	4.0	4341-	
38.0	3, 3	8.0	6683-	
40.0	3.3	10.0	9340′	
42.0	3. 3	12.0	12277	
44.0	3. <i>3</i>	14.0	15471-	

3,3

Cuaries with H, King and Brater Handbook pg 5.40 Table 5-3

Subject BRONX RIVER DAM S.O. No. MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. OUTLET PIPE RATING Sheet No. 9 of 25 THE BAKER ENGINEERS Drawing No. Box 280 Computed by GWT Checked by LAD Date 4/29/81

Beaver, Pa. 15009

TYPICAL SECTION THRU OUTLET PIPE

35



INLET ELEV. - 16.0 FT. (ASSUMED)/ OUTLET ELEV. - 15.5 FT. PIPE DIAMETER - 3 FEET / PIPE LENGTH - 30 FEET / TAIL WATER - 18.2 FEET

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

Subject BRONX RIVER DAM S.O. No.

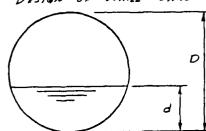
THE BAKER ENGINEERS

OUTLET PIPE RATING Sheet No. 10 of 25

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009

Computed by GUT Checked by LAD Date 4/30/81

"DESIGN OF SMALL DANS" PAGES 558 AND 559



ELEVATION = 18.0

$$\frac{d}{D} = \frac{1}{2} = .5$$
 TABLE 8-2 1.3955 • $\frac{QL}{D^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{Q}{3^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ $Q = 21.75$ CF

$$\frac{d}{\varrho} = \frac{1}{2} = .5 \quad TABLE \quad B=3$$

$$\frac{d}{o} = \frac{1}{2} = .5 \quad TABLE B-3 \quad .232 = \frac{Q}{p^{\theta/3} \cdot 5^n} = \frac{Q(.014)}{3^{\theta/3} \cdot (0.017)^{n}} \quad Q = 40.45 \text{ CFS.} < 10.45 \text{ CFS.} <$$

ELEVATION = 18.75

$$\frac{d}{D} = \frac{2.25}{3} = .75$$
 TABLE B-2 3.0607 = $\frac{Q_0}{D_{21}} = \frac{Q}{3.52}$ Q= 47.71

$$\frac{d}{D} = \frac{2.25}{3} = .75 \quad TABLEB-3 \qquad .422 = \frac{q \, n}{D^{6/3} \, SK} = \frac{q \, (.014)}{3^{6/3} \, (.017)^{n_2}} \quad q = 73.57$$

$$.422 = \frac{q n}{p^{6/3} s^{1/2}} = \frac{q(.014)}{3^{6/3} (.017)^{1/2}}$$

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

1 THE BAKER ENGINEERS

Subject BRONK RIVER DATI S.O. No. Sheet No. 11 of 25

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009 Computed by GwT Checked by LAD Date 4/30/81

Q = CA (2 g H) 5 Q = 34.04 (H) 5

= M R = TT (1.5) = 7.07 FT

g = 32.2 FT/SEC -/

H VALIES FROM 2 FT TO 12 FT /

C = 0.6 FROM TADLE 4-6 Pg. 4-32

KIME + BRATER 1.3 FT L= 30 FT.

HEAD MEHSURED TO CENTER OF PIPE

ELEVATION (FT)	(FT)	(CFS)
20.0	3.0	59.0/
21.0	4.0	68.1-
22.0	5.0	76.1 -
23.0	6.0	93.4 -
24.0	7.0	90.1/
25.0	8.0	96.3
26.0	9.0	102.1
27.0	10.0	107.6
28.0	11.0	112.9
29.0	12.0	117.9-
30.0	13.0	122.7 -

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

1 THE BAKER ENGINEERS

Subject BLONK RIVER DAN S.O. No.

OUTLET PIPE RATING Sheet No. 12 of 25

Drawing No.

Computed by GWT Checked by LAD Date 4/30/81

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009

= 39.80 H 12

ELEVATION (FT)	(Fr)	(CFI)
20.0	1.5	48.8
21.0	2.5	62.9
22.0	3.5	74.5
23.0	4.5	84.4
24.0	5.5	93.4
25.0	6.5	101.5/
26.0	7.5	109.0
27.0	8.5	116.1
28.0	9.5	122.7 -
29.0	10.5	129.0
30.0	11.5	135.0

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.

THE BAKER ENGINEERS

Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009

Subject BR	ONX_	RIVER	DAM		5.0. No	
					Sheet No. 13	
					Drawing No	
Computed by	Gu	T	Checked by	LAD	Date 4/30/6	3

OUTLET PIPE SUMMARY RATING

ELEVATION (FT)	(CFS)
15.5	0
17.0	21.8
17.75	47.7
20.0	48.8
21.0	62.9
22.0	74.5
23.0	83.4
24.0	90.1
25.0	96.3
26.0	102.1
27.0	107.6
28.0	112.9
29.0	117.9
30.0	122.7

МІСНАЕТ	BAKER.	JR., INC.
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THE BAKER ENGINEERS

How Iso Realiza Paristano

Subject Ba	ONX RIL	ER		_ \$.O. N	o
PITE	DISCHARO	; E		Sheet I	No. 14 of 25
				Drawin	ıg No
Computed by	SWT	Checked by	WOU	Date	4/28/81

WEIGHTED CP VALUE FOR ORALHAGE AREA WEIGHTED RAINFALL VALUE FOR SPS

SUPPREA	AREA	Cp	TP	RAINFALL
/	4.97	. 37	5.1	12,73
2	6.45	.50	3.6	13.20
3	4.76	.63	2.4	14.28
4	2.79	.63	2.1	14.83
5	1.10	,50	4.0	14.83
6	1.89	.56	2.8	14.83
7	4.56	. 66	10.0	14.83
8	3.04	.63	2,4	14.83
9	7,70	. 63	2.2	14.67
10	7.50	.63	2.0	13.20

$$D.A = 36.36$$
 Sq. $P7:$.
$$\frac{20.73}{36.36} = .57$$
 Cp WEIGHTED

SPS & AT NODE 108 = 12,845 CFS (FROM "LOWER HUDSON RIVER BASIN HYDROLOGIC FLOOD ROUTING MODEL " PAGES 152 - 157.)

HYDROGRAPH DEVELOPED AT NODE 108 USING to 10.0 Hz AND Cp = 0.57 WITH A RAINFALL OF 14.01 IN. PRODUCED A FLOW OF 13,060 C.F.S. THE PAP RAINFALL ANOUNT WAS THEN SUBSTITUTED TO GET THE PAF FLOWS.

RAINFALL DATA

Flon HMR-33

PAN AND PRHIPAGE AREA ARE IN ZONE 1 PMP (24 HR) 200 Mi = 21.0 IN. ORAINAGE AREA = 36,36 59. 17; PAP (6 HK) . 96 % PAP (24 HR) 200 miz PAP (12 HR) - 110 % PNP (24 HR) - 120 % " "
PNP (48 HR) - 128 % " "

Subject BRONX PIVER DAM S.O. No. MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. SPILLWAY CAPACITY ANALYSIS Sheet No. 15 of 25 THE BAKER ENGINEERS Box 280 GWT Checked by 4/30/81 Beaver, Pa. 15009 100 75 50 25 10 % PMF MINIMUM TOP OF DAM ELEV. 33.4 Fr. 30 3 Z 36 38

ELEVATION (Fr)

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APPENDIX D

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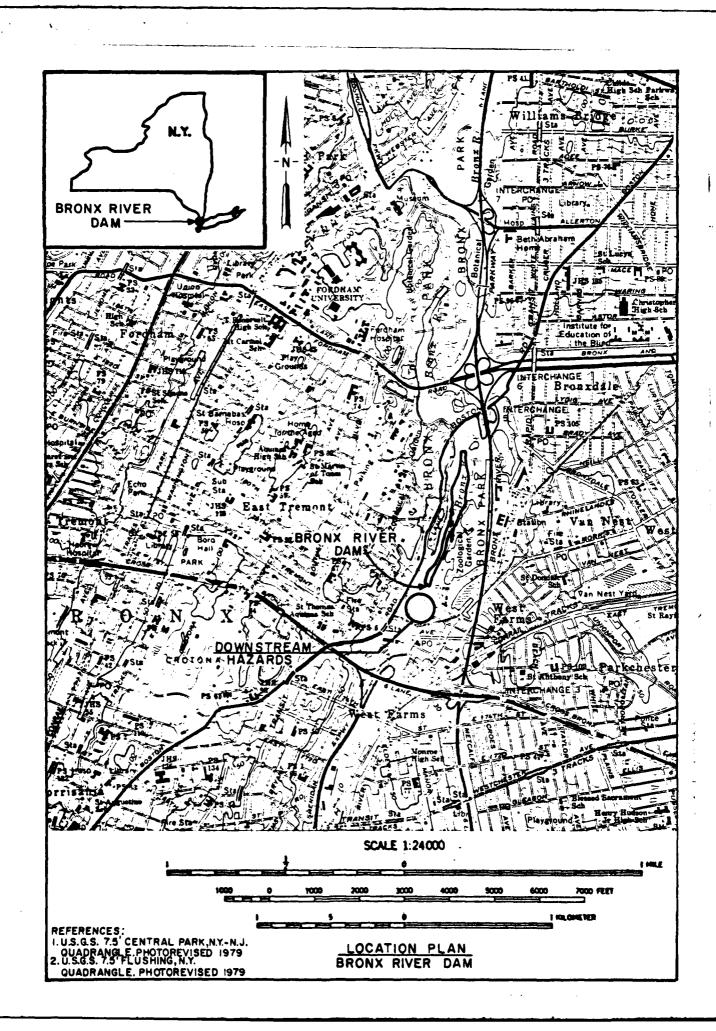
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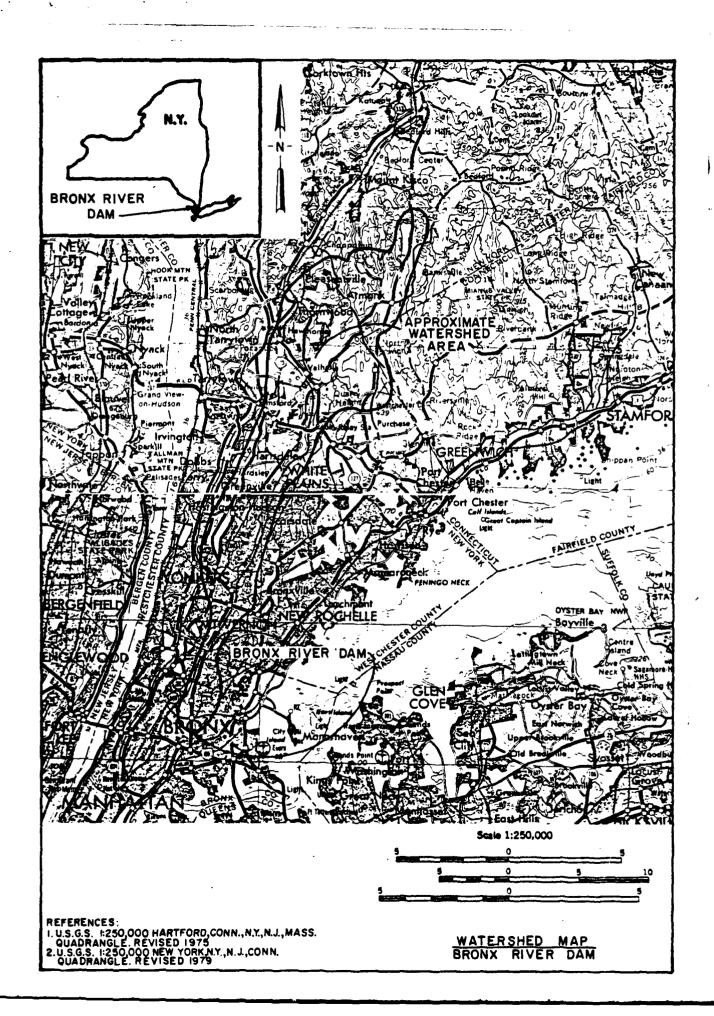
APPENDIX E

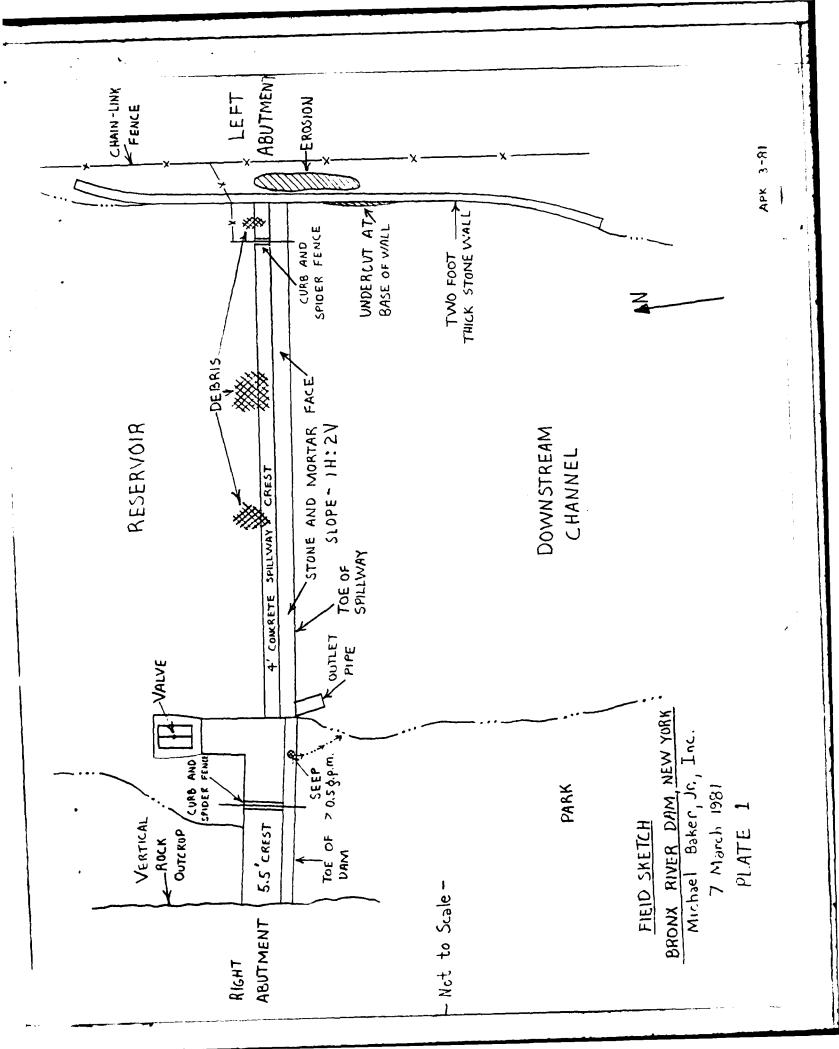
DRAWINGS

CONTENTS

Location Plan
Watershed Map
Field Sketch







APPENDIX F
STABILITY CALCULATIONS

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		6	1/5		
NASON ANY 150 1/93			13/1	−6' ' .	T
J		1 4)	!	
	14 6	$\mathfrak{D} \mid U$		2	
	10.3	 		3	9'
		1		\mathcal{D}	
		ì		toe-	
MANGA,			- 16'	- A	e 16.
Section		8	W	Cistance From toe	14
0 4 (6)(9)	= 27	.15 4/47	4.05 Kps	4.0	16.2 K-F
② 2 (9)	= 18	.15	2.7	7.0	18.9
3 /2 (1)(5)	= 2.5	.15	0.375	7.667	2.875
D 4 (14)	= 56	.15	8.4	10.0	84
S 4(10.5)	= 42	.15	6. 3	14.0	88.2
6 /2(1)(4)	= 2	.15	0.3	/3.333	4.0
·			22.125		214.175
Resultant = 20.125	Kips				
Distance Fant top =	214.175	= 9.68 F7	From too		

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., THE BAKER ENGINEE	
Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009	Computed by DUIF Checked by JGU Date 144 3, 1931
Sif4 ations	to be Gasilenel
Case I	Normal Operating Conditions, fall uplied
Case II	Same as Caso I plus Ico bading
Case III	Conditions due la PAF , fall 9/12
Case TV	Constitions for Fall PMF, Fill Telit
Case I	Pool level = 21 30.0 Hu = 14 FT
	Tail water level = 01. 13.2 Hw = 2.2 FT
Up litt	ROSERVOIN Sife = 14 (60625) = 0.875 KSF
	Tail water Side = (2.2%.0625) = 0.138 KSF
	.875
Nosaltant	$= \left(\frac{.875 + .133}{2}\right)(16) = 8.104 \text{ Kips}$
Location	= [.138/16] 1/2 + [(. 375138) (/2) (/4) / 13
	8.101
:	= 6.060 F7
=	11-6.06 = 9.04 FT from toe

Subject Eronx Rivon Care S.O. No. 1333-55-AKE MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. Statelite Analysis Shoot No. 3 of 11 THE BAKER ENGINEERS Computed by Checked by JGU Date 14- 8, 1931 Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009 Hodro State Pressure Rosenvoir Sido = (14)2 (.0625) 1/2 = 6.125 Kips location = 14/3 = 4.667 FT from Ease level (0/ 160) Tailwoten Side = (2.2) 2 (.0625) 1/2 = . 15/ Kips location = 2.2/3 = 0.733 Ft from kase by a Addition betide bad Due to Tailwater $W = 2.2 \left(\frac{7}{3} \right) (2.2) \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) (.0625) = 0.101 \text{ Kips} \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) (.0625) = .0.75 \text{ k}$ 0.75 klocation [(2/3)(22)]/3 = 0.489 FT from to Location (625)(1)+(125)(1)6 Case I a I losding 23.15 14.111'

Case II losding 23.15" 14 6.125 K -9.91 8.104 K Everturing (275) (4.11) 4.63(22.125) + 0.101 (.489; +.733(.151)

Figure turning 8.104 (3.11) + 4.667 (6.125) F.S = 2.35

HICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009	\mathcal{C}	V	S.O. No. 1333?-0)-100 Sheet No. 4 of 11 Drawing No Date 40: 3, 1991
Sheling		S= 2	KSF
R= 5	V TAN & + SA	Ø= 3,	•
= 622	125+0.101+0.75-8.	104)07. + 2(18	\rangle
=	42.41 Kps		
,,	25151	2	5.5 = 7.10 Stiding
	974 " <u>42.41</u> 5.974		\$1181145
Pase II			
Over tuavins F. Sventuenins	7.68 (33.125) + .1 8.104 (7.94) + 4	1667 (6.125) + 5	(14)
		,——	= 1.26 utunen;
Sliding R= 48	2.41		
•	125+5 - · 15/ 1. 974 1 2.4 1 12.974	Fg	1.1/4. 3. 36

Subject Rayer River Dela S.O. No. 13822 1 - ALL MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. Stocilita Analosis THE BAKER ENGINEERS Computed by DUM Checked by JGU Date 11th 3/ Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009 RESOLVOIR level = el 37.3 Hu = 2/.8 FT Tailwater love = el 23.5 Hu = 7.5 FT 21.3(,0675) = 1.363 KSF 7-5(00625) = .469 KSF Tailwater Side Resultant = (-469+1.363)(16) = 14.656 Kins location = [.469 (16)] 16 + [(1.363-469)[6](16)] 26(16) = 9.301 FT from for - In Static Pressure 1. (-46- DAM = -1.8 (.0625) = 1.363 1. Up. = 7.8 (.0625) = .488 (1.363+.483) (14) = 12.757 415

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Mills care of DA

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009	Subject Line Piron Den Stability Axisting Computed by UUIH Checked by JGU	Sheet No. 6 of 11 Drawing No. 7/931
It lostatic Vi		
Tailorston Six Rey 142,	$uf = \frac{1}{2}(7.5)^{2}(.0625)$	
location	$= \frac{1.758}{1.5} = \frac{1.5}{1.5} = \frac{1.5}{1.5$	

Subject LADNY Pirsz DAM Stabilita Analysis MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS Box 280 DWM Checked by JGU Date Mrs B, 1981 Beaver, Pa. 15009 Addition Vm tale los line loration from toe Reservoir Side 4(2.5)(.06.25) = .625 x (1)(4)(1/2)(.0625)=.125K 14.567 Rojaltant = . 750 K location = .625(14) +.125(14.667) = 14.111 FT from for Tailmaker Side 1.5 (2/3) (2,5) / 1/2 (2625) = 1.172 Kips bestion ((50) 7.5) /1/2 = 1.667 FT from toe Cise II loadings 150th 14.111-

Subject LONG GIVEN DAN S.O. No. 13902-20-FLA

Stabilite Analogis Sheet No. 8 of 11 MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS Computed by JWH Checked by JGU Date 147 8, 1931 Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009 EVENTURNIA:

25.125 (9.68) + 10172 (1.667):

F. S. = 12.957 (5.897) + 14.65 (9.301) 25.125 (9.68) + 1.172 (1.667) + .750 (14.111) + 1.755 (2.5) F.S = 1.086 Stititie R= (22,125 + .750 + 1.172 - 14,656).7 + 2(16) = 38574 K H= 12.957-1.758 = 11.199 F.S. = 3.444 F.S. = PH = 38.574 11.199 Pool /40/ = el 39.9 FT 1/n = 337 F Tgi/water level = 26.0 = # # = 10.0 FT 23,9 (1625) = 1.474 KSF RESERVOIR Side 10 (.0625) = .625 KSF Tailwiter Sile

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.	Subject FISHE River	L'AM	_ S.O. No. 13227-05-A
THE BAKER ENGINEERS	Subject Frank Rivar	iis	Sheet No. <u></u> of
			Drawing No
Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009	Computed by DWH	_Checked by JGK	_ Date 1/4 8. 1991
500.001	, ,		-
			-
Day 1/4 -	11. 1911 1 12-1		
1(0) 4 Hant	(1.194+,625) (16) = 16.952 "ips	
		-	
location =	5.625 (16)] 1/2 + (1	1.494-625)(1/2)	(1/2) \ 2/3 (1/2)
	16.952		
=	9.094 from toe	$\mathcal{L}\mathcal{D}_{\mathbf{z}\mathbf{z}}$	
	The Thore (SE S	7 0911	
Hudeo static Pressu	IN P		
	Bother of Dan	= 23.9(.0625)	-1.494
	Top of Dan	= (231-4)(.56	25= .619
Resul	Hart = (1.494+.6.	(9) 14 = 14.787	7 K
Locati	Son = [.6/9 (14)]	14/ + 8/1.194-	159 /2 (14) 7 14/2
	(.0)		
		14.789	
	= 6.035 FF	above base of D.	MY
Tailwater Silo			
	1/12	1	K
Pies 4	1 tax f = 1/2 (10) ((.0625) = 3.125	
loca	HON = 10/3 = 3	3.333 F7 above	inse of Dany

.

Subject Pronx River Dan S.O. No. 12288-22- ARA
Stabilita Auslusia Sheet No. 10 of 11 MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS Computed by DONY Checked by JGU Date My 8, 1981 Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009 Additional Ventre loading location inm to-German 2,00 4(2.5) (.0625) =.625" 14.667 (1)(4)(2)(.0625) = 1256 Resulfast = .750 K 1500 to 100 - .625(14) + .105(14.667) = 11.11 = for foe Tailwater Sils Pocation from to-1.689K 1/6/(9) (.0625) = 7(1) (.0625) = 0.438 / (.2)(1)(.0525) = 0.006 7.333 2.132 K Resultant = 2.132 k beahon = (1.689)2 + (.478) 3.5 + .006(7.333) = 2. 323 FT from for Pros I lordings -9.094 FT

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC. THE BAKER ENGINEERS Box 280 Beaver, Pa. 15009	Subject		S.O. No. (=) 3 3 - 2) - Ar'A Sheet No. [of [of]] Drawing No
Over tentro F. Everinoir,		2,132(2,323) + 3.125(, 7 (6,625) + 16.752	
Slidina_		F.S.	= 0.986
R= (.750+ 2 = 37.6			
H = 14,787 F-Siding PH	- 3.125 = 11.66. = 37.639 11.661		S = 3.227

MICHAEL BAKER, JR., INC.	Subject Eroxy River Dar	s.o. No 13828-00-114-17-5
THE BAKER ENGINEERS	Stability Analysis	Sheet No of
Вох 280 Всахет, Ра. 15009	Computed by DUM Checked by	JGU Date May 67 (501
Resultant Location	$a \Rightarrow \frac{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{H}}{\mathcal{E}\mathcal{V}}$	
Case I Location = its (Aill) to	125 (7.63) +0101 (. 489) + 7331	(.151) - 606 (9,94) - 4,667 (6,125)
	0.75 + 2:125 - 8.1041.101	
= 7.78	3. Fr	
Case II		
	-(9.68) - 0.101(.48+)+.732(.151) -6.06(;	1.94)-1657(6.125)-5(14)+.75/20
	22.125 - 3.104 - 101+	
= 9.	08 =7	
_		
Case III Location = 22	2,125(7,69)+ /1/12,1667) + /1753(:5)	+.750[4111] -[2,957.(5.897) -[4,656.(9,70]]
Location -	22.125+ 6172 - 14.65	
= 1	957 F7	
Case II		
Lication = 2	2.125 (9.68) + 2.132 (2.323)+3.128(.	3.333; +.750(14,111) -14.187(6,355)
	·	-16,752(7,094)
	20,125 + 2,132 +,750 - 1	16. 752
40	g F7	

APPENDIX G
BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

No Background Documents Were Available For This Dam

END DATE FILMED

DTIC